



Mandatory - Quality area 2

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Important note: A pandemic is an epidemic of an infectious disease that has spread across a large region, for instance multiple continents or worldwide, affecting a substantial number of people. ELAA advises that the contents of this policy are relevant to a pandemic event. In considering what actions are required by an Approved Provider, information and guidance provided by the Australian Health Protection Principal Committee (AHPPC), Victorian Government, the Department of Health and Human Services (DHHS) and the Department of Education and Training (DET) should be followed and adhered to.

PURPOSE

This policy will provide clear guidelines and procedures to follow when:

- a child attending Plenty Kids Early Learning Centre shows symptoms of an infectious disease
- a child at Plenty Kids Early Learning Centre has been diagnosed with an infectious disease
- managing and minimising the spread of infectious diseases, illnesses and infestations (including head lice)
- managing and minimising infections relating to blood-borne viruses
- managing and minimising infections relating to epidemics (refer to *Definitions*) and pandemics (refer to *Definitions*) (e.g. coronavirus (COVID-19)).

POLICY STATEMENT

Values

Plenty Kids Early Learning Centre is committed to:

- providing a safe and healthy environment for all children, staff and any other persons attending the service
- responding to the needs of the child or adult who presents with symptoms of an infectious disease or infestation while attending the service
- adhering to evidence-based practice infection prevention and control procedures
- preventing the spread of infectious and vaccine-preventable diseases
- complying with current exclusion schedules and guidelines set by the Department of Health (DH)
- complying with the advice of the Australian Health Protection Principal Committee (AHPPC),
 Victorian Chief Health Officer and DH

Plenty Kids Early Learning Centre supports the Immunise Australia Program and National Immunisation Program (NIP), which is currently recommended by the National Health and Medical Research Council (NHMRC) and supported by the Commonwealth Government. All educators/staff at Plenty Kids Early Learning Centre are committed to preventing the spread of infectious diseases through simple hygiene practices such as hand washing, effective cleaning procedures and assessing acceptable immunisation documentation and complying with recommended exclusion guidelines and timeframes for children and educators/staff.

Scope





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This policy applies to the Approved Provider, Persons with Management or Control, Nominated Supervisor, Person in day-to-day Charge, staff, students on placement, volunteers, parents/guardians, children and others attending the programs and activities of Plenty Kids Early Learning Centre, including during offsite excursions and activities.

RESPONSIBILITIES	Approved provider and persons with management or	Nominated supervisor and persons in day-to-day charge	Early childhood teacher, educators and all other staff	Parents/guardians	Contractors, volunteers and students
R indicates legislation requirement, and should n	ot be de	eleted			
Ensuring standard precaution practices (refer to Definitions) are carried out every day to minimise and, where possible, eliminate the risk of transmission of infection	R	V	V		1
Ensuring that where there is an occurrence of an infectious disease at the service, reasonable steps are taken to prevent the spread of that infectious disease (Regulation 88(1))	R	V	V	V	V
Ensuring that where there is an occurrence of an infectious disease at the service, a parent/guardian or authorised emergency contact of each child at the service is notified of the occurrence as soon as is practicable (Regulation 88(2))	R	V	V		
Ensuring that information from the DH about the minimum exclusion periods <i>(refer to Definitions)</i> is displayed at the service and is available to all stakeholders	R	V	V		
Ensuring that a child is excluded from the service in accordance with the minimum exclusion periods (refer to Definitions) when informed that the child is infected with an infectious disease (refer to Definitions) or has been in contact with a person who is infected with an infectious disease (refer to Definitions) as required under Regulation 111(1) of the Public Health and Wellbeing Regulations 2019	R	V	٧	1	V
Contacting the Communicable Disease Section, DH <i>(refer to Definitions)</i> if there is an outbreak of two or more cases of gastrointestinal illness in a 48-hour period <i>(refer to Sources)</i>	R	V			
Ensuring obligations under No Jab No Play legislation (Public Health and Wellbeing Act 2008), including to request, assess and manage immunisation documentation are met, and to assist parents/carers and families who may face difficulties in meeting the requirements (refer to Enrolment and Orientation Policy)	R	V			



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Ensuring when directed by the Chief Health Officer, that a child who is at material risk of contracting a vaccine-preventable disease is excluded until the Chief Health Officer directs that attendance can be resumed (Regulation 111(2)(4) of the Public Health and Wellbeing Regulations 2019)	R	V	V	√	
Ensuring that a minimum of one educator with current approved first aid qualifications is in attendance and immediately available at all times the service is in operation (refer to Administration of First Aid Policy). As a demonstration of duty of care and evidence-based practice, ELAA recommends that all early childhood teachers and educators have current approved first aid qualifications and anaphylaxis management training and asthma management training.	R	√	V		
Notifying DET within 24 hours of a serious incident (refer to Definitions) via the NQAITS	R	V			
Conducting a thorough inspection of the service on a regular basis, and consulting with staff to assess any risks by identifying the hazards and potential sources of infection	R	V	V		V
Establishing and complying with good hygiene and infection prevention and control procedures (refer to Hygiene Policy) (refer to Attachment 4)	R	√	V	V	V
Observing for signs and symptoms of an infectious disease in children, and taking appropriate measures to minimise cross-infection and inform management		V	√	V	V
Providing appropriate and current information and resources to all stakeholders regarding the identification and management of infectious diseases, blood-borne viruses and infestations		V	√		√
Keeping informed of current legislation, information, research and evidence-based practice		V	√	V	1
Complying with the <i>Hygiene Policy</i> of the service and the procedures for infection prevention and control relating to blood-borne viruses (refer to Attachment 4)		V	V	√	V
Communicating changes to the exclusion table or immunisation laws to all stakeholders in a timely manner		V	V		√
Complying with the advice of the Australian Health Protection Principal Committee (AHPPC), Victorian Chief Health Officer and DH in an epidemic or pandemic event (refer to Attachment 5).		V	√	√	V
Complying with the Public Health Order COVID-19 vaccination requirements (refer to Mandatory Vaccination Policy)	R	R	R	R	R
Notifying everyone at the service of any outbreak of infectious disease at the service including information about the nature of the illness, incubation and infectious periods, and the service's exclusion	R	V	V		





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requirements for the illness, and displaying this information in a prominent position					
Advising parents/guardians on enrolment that the minimum exclusion periods will be observed in regard to the outbreak of any infectious diseases or infestations (<i>refer to</i> : www2.health.vic.gov.au/public-health/infectious-diseases/school-exclusion/school-exclusion-table).	R	V	V		
Providing information to staff and families about child and adult immunisation recommendations (refer to Attachment 6)	√	√			
Advising the parents/guardians of a child who is not fully immunised on enrolment and/or is undertaking the 16 weeks grace period, that they will be required to keep their child at home when a vaccine-preventable disease is diagnosed at the service, and until there are no more occurrences of that disease and the exclusion period has ceased			V		
Ensuring that parents/guardians understand that they must inform the approved provider or nominated supervisor as soon as practicable if the child is infected with an infectious disease or infestation, or has been in contact with a person infected with a condition for which the exclusion of contacts is specified (Regulation 110, Public Health and Wellbeing Regulations 2019)	R	R	R	R	
Providing information and resources to parents/guardians to assist in the identification and management of infectious diseases and infestations	V	V	√		
Ensuring all families have completed a Consent form to conduct head lice inspections (refer to Attachment 1) on enrolment	R	√	√		
Conducting head lice inspections whenever an infestation is suspected, which involves visually checking children's hair and notifying the approved provider and parents/guardians of the child if an infestation of head lice is suspected		V	V		
Providing a head lice action form (refer to Attachment 2) to the parents/guardians of a child suspected of having head lice	R	√	√		
Providing a head lice notification letter (refer to Attachment 3) to all parents/guardians when an infestation of head lice has been detected at the service	R	V	V		
Maintaining confidentiality at all times (refer to Privacy and Confidentiality Policy)	R	R	R	V	1
Keeping their child/ren at home if they are unwell or have an excludable infectious disease or infestation (refer to Definitions)				√	
Informing service management as soon as practicable if their child has an infectious disease or infestation (refer to Definitions) or has been in contact with a person who has an infectious disease (Regulation110 of the Public Health and Wellbeing Regulations 2019)				R	
Complying with the minimum exclusion periods (refer to Definitions) or as directed by the approved provider or nominated supervisor after the				R	



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Chief Health Officer directed them to exclude a child enrolled whom			
the Chief Health Officer has determined to be at material risk of			
contracting a vaccine-preventable disease (Regulation 111(2) of the			
Public Health and Wellbeing Regulations 2019)			

PROCEDURES

Refer to Attachment 4 Infection control relating to blood borne viruses

Refer to Attachment 5 Actions for early childhood and care services in an epidemic or pandemic event

BACKGROUND AND LEGISLATION

Background

Infectious diseases such as the chickenpox, common cold, measles and mumps, are common in children and adults may also be susceptible.

Children are at a greater risk of exposure to infections in a children's service than at home due to the amount of time spent with a large number of other children.

The DH publishes the Minimum Period of Exclusion from Primary Schools and Children's Services Centres for Infectious Diseases Cases and Contacts, to assist in protecting the public by preventing, or containing, outbreaks of infectious conditions common in schools and children's services and is regulated by the Public Health and Wellbeing Regulations 2019.

During an epidemic or pandemic, further instruction and guidance may be issued by the DH and the Australian Health Protection Principal Committee (AHPPC).

An approved provider must take reasonable steps to prevent the spread of infectious diseases at the service, and ensure that the parent/guardian, authorised nominee or emergency contact of each child enrolled at the service is notified of the occurrence of an infectious disease as soon as possible. The service must have policies and procedures in place for dealing with infectious diseases (Regulation 88 of the Education and Care Services National Regulations 2011). The service has a duty of care to ensure that everyone attending the service is provided with a high level of protection during all hours that the service is in operation. Protection can include:

notifying (as soon as practicable) children, families and educators/staff when an excludable illness/disease is detected at the service

complying with relevant health department exclusion guidelines, advice and information

increasing educator/staff awareness of cross-infection through physical and close contact with others.

The Victorian Government offers an immunisation program for children to assist in preventing the spread of infectious diseases. There is also the Immunise Australia Program and National Immunisation Program (NIP), which is currently recommended by the National Health and Medical Research Council (NHMRC) and supported by the Commonwealth Government.

Early childhood education and care services that are regulated under the Education and Care Services National Law Act 2010 have obligations under No Jab No Play legislation (Public Health and Wellbeing Act 2008), including to request, assess and manage immunisation documentation and to assist parents/carers and families who may face difficulties in meeting the requirements (refer to Enrolment



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and Orientation Policy).

Legislation and standards

Relevant legislation and standards include but are not limited to:

- Education and Care Services National Law Act 2010
- Education and Care Services National Regulations 2011: Regulation 88
- Family Assistance Legislation Amendment (Jobs for Families Child Care Package) Act 2017 (Cth)
- Health Records Act 2001 (Vic)
- National Quality Standard, Quality Area 2: Children's Health and Safety
- National Quality Standard, Quality Area 6: Collaborative Partnerships with Families and Communities
- Public Health & Wellbeing Amendment (No Jab No Play) Act 2015 (Vic)
- Occupational Health and Safety Act 2004 (Vic)
- Privacy and Data Protection Act 2014 (Vic)
- Privacy Act 1988 (Cth)
- Public Health and Wellbeing Act 2008 (Vic)

The most current amendments to listed legislation can be found at:

Victorian Legislation – Victorian Law Today: www.legislation.vic.gov.au Commonwealth Legislation - Federal Register of Legislation: www.legislation.gov.au

DEFINITIONS

The terms defined in this section relate specifically to this policy. For commonly used terms e.g. Approved Provider, Nominated Supervisor, Regulatory Authority etc. refer to the General Definitions section located on the PVCC website.

Blood-borne virus (BBV): A virus that is spread when blood from an infected person enters another person's bloodstream and include human immunodeficiency virus (HIV), hepatitis B, and hepatitis C. Where basic hygiene, safety, infection prevention and control and first aid procedures are followed, the risks of contracting a blood-borne virus are negligible.

Communicable Disease Section: Responsibility for communication and advice in relation to infectious diseases on behalf of the Secretary of the Victorian DH.

Epidemic: is an outbreak of a contagious disease that spreads rapidly and extensively, and affects many individuals simultaneously in an area or population.

Exclusion: Inability to attend or participate in the program at the service.

Illness: Any sickness and/or associated symptoms that affect the child's normal participation in the program at the service.

Infection: The invasion and multiplication of micro-organisms in bodily tissue.

Infestation: The lodgement, development and reproduction of arthropods (such as head lice), either on the surface of the body of humans or animals, or in clothing.

Infectious disease: An infectious disease designated by the Communicable Disease Section (refer to Definitions), Department of Health Victoria (DH) as well as those listed in Schedule 7 of the Public Health and Wellbeing Regulations 2019, the Minimum Period of Exclusion from Primary Schools,



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Education and Care Service Premises and Children's Centres for Infectious Diseases Cases and Contacts.

Medication: Any substance, as defined in the Therapeutic Goods Act 1989 (Cwlth), that is administered for the treatment of an illness or medical condition.

Minimum exclusion period: The minimum period for excluding any person from attending a children's service to prevent the spread of infectious diseases as specified in Schedule 7: Minimum Period of Exclusion from Primary Schools and Children's Services for Infectious Diseases Cases and Contacts of the Public Health and Wellbeing Regulations 2019. An infringement penalty for failure to exclude a child with, or exposed to, a specified infectious disease applies (applicable to a person in charge). The exclusion period table, published by the DH, can be accessed at www2.health.vic.gov.au/publichealth/infectious-diseases/school-exclusion/school-exclusion-table.

Pandemic: is an epidemic (refer to Definitions) occurring worldwide, or over a wide geographic area and affecting a large proportion of the population.

Pediculosis: Infestation of head lice that is transmitted by having head-to-head contact with another person who has head lice. Pediculosis does not contribute to the spread of any infectious diseases, and outbreaks of this condition are common in schools and childcare facilities.

Standard precautions: work practices that achieve a basic level of infection prevention and control. Using standard precautions aims to minimise and, where possible, eliminate the risk of transmission of infection, particularly those caused by blood-borne viruses. Standard precautions include but are not limited to: hand hygiene, cleaning equipment and the environment, respiratory hygiene and cough etiquette and appropriate use of PPE.

SOURCES AND RELATED POLICIES

Sources

- Communicable Disease Section, Victorian Department of Health & Human Services (2019), A quide to the management and control of gastroenteritis outbreaks in children's centres. Victorian Government, Melbourne:
 - https://www2.health.vic.gov.au/about/publications/researchandreports/A-guide-to-themanagement-and-control-of-gastroenteritis-outbreaks-in-childrens-centres
- Department of Health, Victoria (2012) Head lice management guidelines: https://www2.health.vic.gov.au/about/publications/policiesandguidelines/Head-licemanagement-guidelines
- Guide to the Education and Care Services National Law and the Education and Care Services National Regulations 2011 (2017), ACECQA: https://www.acecqa.gov.au/sites/default/files/2018-01/NQF-Resource-02-Guide-to-ECS-Law-Regs.pdf
- Guide to the National Quality Standard (2017), ACECQA: https://www.acecga.gov.au/sites/default/files/acecga/files/National-Quality-Framework-Resources-Kit/NQF-Resource-03-Guide-to-NQS.pdf
- Immunisation Enrolment Toolkit for early childhood services: https://www2.health.vic.gov.au/public-health/immunisation/vaccination-children/no-jab-noplay/immunisation-enrolment-toolkit
- Information about immunisations, including immunisation schedule, DH: https://www.health.gov.au/health-topics/immunisation/when-to-get-vaccinated/nationalimmunisation-program-schedule



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- Increase in gastroenteritis outbreaks in childcare:
 https://www2.health.vic.gov.au/about/news-and-events/healthalerts/gastro-outbreaks-childcare
- National Health and Medical Research Council (2013) Staying Healthy: Preventing infectious diseases in early childhood education and care services (5th edition):
 https://www.nhmrc.gov.au/about-us/publications/staying-healthy-preventing-infectious-diseases-early-childhood-education-and-care-services
- National Immunisation Program, Department of Health, Australian Government: https://www.health.gov.au/initiatives-and-programs/national-immunisation-program
- Statements Section for statements on health emergencies, AHPPC. Available at: https://www.health.gov.au/committees-and-groups/australian-health-protection-principal-committee-ahppc
- Victorian Department of Health. *Disease information and advice*. Available at: https://www2.health.vic.gov.au/public-health/infectious-diseases/disease-information-advice
- WorkSafe, Victoria (2008) Compliance code: First aid in the workplace: https://www.worksafe.vic.gov.au/resources/compliance-code-first-aid-workplace

RELATED POLICIES

- Administration of First Aid
- Administration of Medication
- Child Safe Environment and Wellbeing
- Dealing with Medical Conditions
- Enrolment and Orientation
- Hygiene
- Incident, Injury, Trauma and Illness
- Inclusion and Equity
- Occupational Health and Safety
- Privacy and Confidentiality

EVALUATION

In order to assess whether the values and purposes of the policy have been achieved, the Approved Provider will:

- regularly seek feedback from educators, staff, parents/guardians, children, management and all affected by the policy regarding its effectiveness
- monitor the implementation, compliance, complaints and incidents in relation to this policy
- ensure that all information related to infectious diseases on display and supplied to parents/guardians is current
- keep the policy up to date with current legislation, research, policy and best practice
- revise the policy and procedures as part of the service's policy review cycle, or as required
- notifying all stakeholders affected by this policy at least 14 days before making any significant changes to this policy or its procedures, unless a lesser period is necessary due to risk (Regulation 172 (2)).

ATTACHMENTS

- Attachment 1: Consent form to conduct head lice inspections
- Attachment 2: Head lice action form



- Attachment 3: Head lice notification letter
- Attachment 4: Procedures for infection control relating to blood-borne viruses
- Attachment 5: Actions for early childhood and care services in an epidemic or pandemic event
- Attachment 6: Child and adult immunisation recommendations



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Attachment 1

CONSENT FORM TO CONDUCT HEADLICE INSPECTIONS

Dear parents/guardians,

Plenty Kids Early Learning Centre is aware that head lice infestation can be a sensitive issue, and is committed to maintaining children's confidentiality and avoiding stigmatisation at all times. However, management of head lice infestation is most effective when all children and their families actively support our policy and participate in our screening program.

All inspections will be conducted in a culturally-appropriate and sensitive manner, and information about why the inspections are conducted and the benefits of preventing infestations will be explained to children prior to conducting the inspections.

Only the Nominated Supervisor, the PVCC Nurse or an external person approved by the service, such as a nurse employed by the local council, will be permitted to carry out inspections on children at the service. Each child's hair will be inspected for the presence of head lice or lice eggs.

Where live head lice are found, Plenty Kids Early Learning Centre will notify the parents/guardians when the child is collected from the service and will provide them with relevant information about the treatment of head lice. Other families will be provided with a notice to inform them that head lice has been detected in the group and to encourage them to be vigilant and carry out regular inspections of their own child.

Please note that while head lice do not spread disease, they are included in the Minimum Period of Exclusion from Primary Schools and Children's Services for Infectious Diseases Cases and Contacts published by the Department of Health and Human Services (DHHS) which defines the minimum period of exclusion from a children's service for children with infectious diseases. According to this table, where a child has head lice, that child must be excluded until the day after appropriate treatment has commenced.

Name of child	Group	
, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	ids Early Learning Centre, or a person approved by Plenty Kiochild's head once per term or when an infestation of head lic	
Full name of parent/guardian		
Signature (parent/guardian)	 Date	





I do not give consent for my child's head to	·	
of head lice is suspected at the service, and	i agree to come to the service to	complete the inspection myself.
Full some of mount for ording		
Full name of parent/guardian		
Signature (parent/guardian)	Date	



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Attachment 2



840 Yan Yean Road, Doreen, Vic 3754 Phone: 03 9717 7400 Fax 03 9717 7475 Email: office@pvcc.vic.edu.au www.pvcc.vic.edu.au

HEADLICE ACTION FORM

Dear parents/guardians,

We have detected head lice or lice eggs on your <u>child</u> and it is very important for you to treat your child as soon as possible, using safe treatment practices. Please read the attached pamphlet <u>Treating and controlling head lice</u> from the Department of Health and Human Services (DHHS). This contains guidelines regarding detecting and treating head lice and lice eggs.

Please note that while head lice do not spread disease, they are included in the Minimum Period of Exclusion from Primary Schools and Children's Services Centres for Infectious Diseases Cases and Contacts published by the DHHS which defines the minimum period of exclusion from a children's service for children with infectious diseases. According to this table, where a child has head lice, that child must be excluded until the day after appropriate treatment has commenced.

Please keep your child at home until the day after appropriate treatment has commenced and use the form provided below to notify Plenty Kids Early Learning Centre, when your child returns to the service, of the action taken by you to treat the head lice/eggs.

Head lice treatment – action taken	
Parent/guardian response form	
To Plenty Kids Early Learning Centre	
CONFIDENTIAL	
Name of child	Group
I understand that my child must not attend the se	ervice with untreated head lice or lice eggs.
I have used the following recommended treatmen	nt for head lice or lice eggs for my child:
Name of treatment used	Date treatment was first used
Signature (parent/guardian)	Date

Plenty Valley Christian College Reg No: 1826 ACN: 055 198 578 ABN: 87 670 414 115

Attachment 3



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840 Yan Yean Road, Doreen, Vic 3754 Phone: 03 9717 7400 Fax 03 9717 7475 Email: office@pvcc.vic.edu.au www.pvcc.vic.edu.au

HEAD LICE NOTIFICATION LETTER

Dear parents/guardians,

It has come to our attention that head lice or lice eggs have been detected in your child's group at Plenty Kids Early Learning Centre and we seek your co-operation in checking your child's hair regularly throughout this week,______.

Head lice are common in children and are transmitted by having head-to-head contact with someone who has head lice, but they do not transmit infectious diseases.

What can you do?

We seek your co-operation in checking your child's hair and, in instances where head lice or lice eggs are found, treating your child's hair.

We also ask that you ensure your child does not attend the service until the day after appropriate treatment has occurred in line with the Department of Health and Human Services (DHHS) minimum period of exclusion required for head lice.

How do I treat my child for head lice?

Please read the attached pamphlet <u>Treating and controlling head lice</u> from the DHHS. This contains guidelines regarding detecting and treating head lice and lice eggs. Additional information is also available by contacting the service.

Who do I contact if my child has head lice?

If head lice or lice eggs are found in your child's hair, you must inform:

- · the service, and use the attached form to advise when treatment has commenced
- parents/guardians and carers of your child's friends so that they can also check these children for head lice or lice eggs and commence treatment if necessary.

When can my child return to the service?

DHHS regulations require that where a child has head lice, that child must be excluded until the day after appropriate treatment has commenced.

Plenty Kids Early Learning Centre is aware that head lice can be a sensitive issue and is committed to maintaining your confidentiality.

Kind regards,

Louise Hunter PVCC College Nurse

Plenty Valley Christian College Reg No: 1826 ACN: 055 198 578 ABN: 87 670 414 115



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Attachment 4

PROCEDURES FOR INFECTION CONTROL RELATING TO BLOOD-BORNE VIRUSES

This procedure is based on information available from the Department of Education and Training (DET), the Victorian Government's Better Health Channel and the National Health and Medical Research Council.

Important note on blood spills

A person responding to an incident involving blood at the service must first cover any cuts, sores or abrasions on their own hands and arms with waterproof dressings.

Managing Exposures to Blood and/or Body Fluids

Exposures include sharps injuries (including needlestick) and splashes into or onto mucous membranes (such as eyes, nose, mouth) or non-intact skin (cuts, sores or abrasions).

Remove contaminated clothing (if applicable) and thoroughly wash exposed area with soap and water.

Affected mucous membranes should be flushed with large amounts of water.

Eyes should be flushed gently (no soap)

The exposed person must report any occupational exposures immediately.

Seek medical attention for an assessment of the risk of infection and appropriate treatment

Cleaning and Removal of Blood Spills and Body Fluids

Equipment (label clearly and keep in an easily accessible location)

- Disposable gloves
- Disposable plastic bags/zip lock bags/bio hazard container (if available)
- Detergent/bleach
- Disposable towels
- Access to warm water

Procedure

- 1. Put on disposable gloves.
- 2. Cover the spill with paper towels.
- 3. Carefully remove the paper towel and contents.
- 4. Place the paper towels in an appropriate disposable plastic bag/zip lock bag/bio hazard container.
- 5. Clean the area with warm water and detergent/bleach, then rinse and dry.
- 6. Remove and place gloves in an appropriate disposable plastic bag/zip lock bag/bio hazard container, seal and place it in a rubbish bin inaccessible to children.
- 7. Wash hands in warm, soapy water and dry (follow the Handwashing guidelines in the Hygiene Policy).

Needle Stick Injuries

If you get pricked by a discarded needle and syringe (often referred to as 'needle stick injury') the following steps should be taken:

Flush the injured area with flowing water.

Wash the wound well with soap and warm water.

Dry the wound and apply a waterproof dressing

Seek medical attention for an assessment of the risk of infection and appropriate treatment.

If the needle and syringe cannot be retrieved, mark the area so others are not at risk and contact the Disposal Helpline.



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Safe Disposal of Discarded Needles and Syringes

Equipment (label clearly and keep in an easily accessible location)

- Disposable gloves
- Long-handled tongs
- Disposable plastic bags
- 'Sharps' syringe disposal container, or rigid-walled, screw-top, puncture-resistant container available for free from local council, who may also provide free training to staff on the collection of sharps

Procedure

- 1. Put on disposable gloves.
- 2. Do **not** try to re-cap the needle or to break the needle from the syringe.
- 3. Place the 'sharps' syringe disposal container on the ground next to the needle/syringe and open the lid.
- 4. Using tongs, pick the syringe up from the middle, keeping the sharp end away from you at all times.
- 5. Place the syringe, needle point down, in the 'sharps' syringe disposal container and close the lid securely on the container.
- 6. Repeat steps 3 to 5 to pick up all syringes and/or unattached needles.
- 7. If appropriate, clean the area with warm water and detergent/bleach, then rinse and dry.
- 8. Remove and place gloves in a disposable plastic bag, seal and place it in a rubbish bin inaccessible to children.
- 9. Clean the area with warm water and detergent/bleach, then rinse and dry.
- 10. Wash hands in warm, soapy water and dry (follow the Handwashing guidelines in the Hygiene Policy).

Under no circumstances should children, work-experience students or volunteers be asked or encouraged to pick up needles/syringes.

If the needle/syringe is not accessible and cannot be collected, mark and supervise the area so that others are not at risk and contact the Syringe Disposal Helpline on 1800 552 355.

Advice on the handling and disposal of needles/syringes can be accessed from:

- the Syringe Disposal Helpline on 1800 552 355 (24 hours a day, 7 days a week) for the location of the nearest needle exchange outlet or public disposal bin
- the environmental officer (health surveyor) at your local municipal/council offices
- local general practitioners
- local hospitals.

Note: 'Sharps' syringe disposal containers and/or needles/syringes must not be put in normal waste disposal bins. To dispose of the container, take it to your local Needle and Syringe Program or council office or contact the Disposal Helpline (1800 552 355) for further advice



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Attachment 5

ACTIONS FOR EARLY CHILDHOOD AND CARE SERVICES IN AN EPIDEMIC OR PANDEMIC EVENT

Early childhood education and care services should consider a variety of strategies to support physical distancing and good hygiene practices to reduce the risk of infection transmission within the practical limitations of an early learning environment.

The following actions are to be considered, adapted and implemented as necessary according to the education setting and the individual needs of the staff, children and the wider service community.

Display educational materials, which can be downloaded and printed from the Department of Health's (DH) website Comply with National Health and Medical Research Council (NHMRC) guidance, Staying healthy: Preventing infectious diseases in early childhood education and care services

Alert your approved provider about any child or staff absenteeism due to an infectious disease outbreak Keep parents and staff informed of the actions you are taking.

All unwell staff and children must stay home. Perhaps the most important action early childhood services can take to reduce the risk of infection transmission is to ensure that any unwell staff and children remain at home.

Staff or children most at risk of severe illness should individually assess appropriateness for on-site attendance at this time, with support from their medical practitioner. Parents/carers of children with complex medical needs (including those with compromised immune systems), should seek advice from the child's medical practitioner to support decision-making about whether on-site education and care is suitable, noting that this advice may change depending on the status of the pandemic in Victoria.

It is important that visitors to early childhood services are limited to those delivering or supporting essential services and operations during a pandemic situation.

Additional staff, including parent volunteers, should be discouraged from attending the service at this time. Ensure vigilance is maintained through the use of the visitor signing in and out record book including their contact details.

Parent information sessions and interviews should meet physical distancing requirements of 1.5 metres between adults, or else be replaced with virtual alternatives.

Actions

The following actions are to be considered, adapted and implemented as necessary according to the education setting and the individual needs of the staff, children and the wider service community:

Display educational materials, which can be downloaded and printed from the Department of Health's (DH) website Comply with National Health and Medical Research Council (NHMRC) guidance, Staying healthy: Preventing infectious diseases in early childhood education and care services

Alert your approved provider about any child or staff absenteeism due to an infectious disease outbreak Keep parents and staff informed of the actions you are taking.

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Hygiene

Everyone can protect themselves and prevent the spread of infection by continuing effective hand hygiene.

- All staff and children should undertake regular hand hygiene, particularly on arrival to the service, before
 and after eating, after blowing their nose, coughing, sneezing or using the toilet. You are a good role
 model for the children and their parents/carers, so actively talk about why everyone needs to wash their
 hands and the importance of everyone doing this.
- Make sure liquid soap and running water, or alcohol-based hand sanitiser, is available at the entrance of the facility and throughout.
- Tissues should be readily accessible with bins provided in each room and in outdoor areas for easy disposal.
- It is recommended that children do not drink directly from drinking fountains at this time. Children should bring their own water bottle for use (and refilling) at the service.
- Ensure the highest hygiene practices amongst food handlers as per NHMRC guidance <u>Staying healthy:</u>
 <u>Preventing infectious diseases in early childhood education and care services.</u>
 Sharing of food should not occur.
- Use of mobile phones by staff should be discouraged. Staff should be reminded to clean their phones regularly.

Arrival and departure

To assist in minimising the spread of infection, procedures to reduce close proximity between attendees at the service should be considered.

- Consider the arrival and departure procedures for children and, where possible, minimise opportunities for parents and carers to gather in groups, especially in foyers and in children's play areas.
- It may be possible, for example, for children to be dropped off and picked up in the service entrance or foyer.
- While staggered start and finish times occur naturally in some service types, early childhood education
 and care services will often have one arrival and pick up time. Consider how the arrival and pick up time
 could be spread out. One example may be to divide the group and allocate times, noting that it is not
 expected that session times are extended to accommodate additional arrival and departure procedures.
- Greeting parents and children at the front door in the morning and during pick up times will allow for
 one-on-one communication with families while practising physical distancing and providing opportunities
 to consider whether children are showing any signs of being unwell.

Considerations for teaching and learning environments

Maintaining physical distance requirements between staff and children is not practical in early childhood services. In the case of coronavirus (COVID-19) physical distancing is most important between adults.

Reducing mixing between different age or room groups is recommended as a precautionary measure to minimise risk of spread of transmission and aid containment.

- Consider small group play, staggered mealtimes and indoor/outdoor play opportunities whenever possible.
- Windows should be open during the day to promote air flow where possible.
- Consider the setup of the room and the placement of the activities and limit the number of whole group activities.



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- Rather than having group times where everyone is sitting on the mat, consider using informal
 opportunities to engage with the children/read books/do storytelling with small groups of children at a
 time.
- For younger children, particularly consider the rotation of toys more often and increase the frequency of cleaning toys. Sharing of toys that have been placed in mouths should be monitored and avoided.
- Wherever possible and where you have enough staffing for adequate supervision, consider operating an indoor/outdoor program.
- A greater range of activities will encourage children and staff to spread out more broadly.
- Mixing of staff and children between rooms should be minimised where possible. It is acknowledged that staff may need to move between rooms to support breaks and, in these situations, staff should be reminded of the importance of hand hygiene.
- Where multiple staff are in a room, remind staff to maintain physical distancing from each other as much as practical.

Considerations for offices and staff facilities

- Close proximity between staff should be avoided, where possible, and especially in offices and staff rooms.
- Workstations should be spaced out as much as possible, and the number of staff in offices limited. Where possible, staff should use separate offices.
- Remind staff to maintain physical distancing from each other as much as possible in the reception, staff room and offices.

Cleaning and facilities management

- Environmental cleaning, coupled with regular hand hygiene, remains important to reduce the risk of infection transmission.
- Services should maintain full adherence to the NHMRC childcare cleaning guidelines, in addition:
 - clean and disinfect high-touch surfaces at least daily (e.g. play gyms, tables, hard-backed chairs, doorknobs, light switches, phones, remotes, handles, desks, toilets, sinks, kitchenware).
 - wash and launder play items and toys including washable plush toys, as appropriate, in accordance with the manufacturer's instructions. If possible, launder items using the warmest appropriate water setting for the items and dry items completely.
 - Note: In an epidemic/pandemic disinfecting and cleaning of toys and equipment should be done
 after every use before another child uses the toy/item
- Hand hygiene before and after use of shared equipment is recommended. (For example, prior to a new activity).
- Excursions should not be undertaken other than to local parks.

Provision of routine care and first aid

Physical distancing is not practical when providing direct care. In this situation, standard precautions, including hand hygiene, are important for infection control.

- Standard precautions (*refer to Definitions*) are advised when coming in to contact with someone for the purpose of providing routine care, assistance or first aid. Also see NHMRC guidance Staying healthy: Preventing infectious diseases in early childhood education and care services.
- Always wash hands with soap and water or use a hand sanitiser before and after performing routine care
 or first aid.



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• Additional Personal Protective Equipment (PPE), for example face masks, is not required to provide routine care or first aid for children who are well.

Management of an unwell child or staff member

It is important that any staff member or child who becomes unwell while at an early childhood service returns home. Sensible steps services can take while a child awaits collection by a parent or carer as a precaution.

- Staff or children should be isolated in an appropriate space with suitable supervision and collected by a parent/carer as soon as possible.
- Where staff or children are experiencing compatible symptoms important actions to take include hand hygiene, physical distance and where possible putting on a face mask.
- Face masks should not be used in situations where an individual is unable to safely or practically tolerate a mask (e.g. a child with complex medical needs, including existing respiratory needs, and younger children).
- Urgent medical attention should be sought where indicated.
- Health care plans, where relevant, should be updated to provide additional advice on monitoring and identification of the unwell child in the context of an epidemic or pandemic.
- If a staff member is unsure whether a child is unwell, it is advisable in the first instance to contact the parent/carer to discuss any concerns about the health status of the child and, taking a precautionary approach, request the parent/carer to collect their child if concerns remain. A trained staff member could take the temperature of the child, where appropriate, to support decision making.
- Staff or children experiencing compatible symptoms with the infection should be encouraged to seek the advice of a healthcare professional who can advise on next steps. A medical certificate is not required to return to an early childhood setting after a period of illness, however staff and children should not return until symptoms resolve.
- Follow cleaning guidance according to the situation of the case. If a child spreads droplets (for example by sneezing, coughing or vomiting), clean surfaces immediately with disinfectant wipes while wearing gloves.

Source

Health and safety advice for early childhood education and care services in the context of coronavirus (COVID-19), Department of Education and Training and DH.





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DOCUMENT HISTORY AND VERSION CONTROL RECORD

Name of document: PKELC Dealing with Infectious Diseases Policy

Responsible officer: Centre Director (Nominated Supervisor)

Approved by: Principal (Approved Provider)

Assigned review period: Biennially

Date of next review: September 2024

Category: Staff & Parents

Version number	Version date	Responsible officer	Amendment details
0.1	04/12/2017	Centre Director	Initial issue as a controlled document.
1.0	16/04/2018	Principal	Approved policy.
2.0	26/01/2019	Centre Director	Changes as per ELLA Version 5.1.
2.0	29/01/2019	Principal	Approved policy.
2.1	30/07/2020	Centre Director	Changes as per ELLA July 2020 version.
2.2	29/10/2020	Centre Director	Policy formatted in line with new style guide.
2.3	29/09/2022	Centre Director	Reviewed and updated in line with ELAA recommendations.
2.4	24/10/2022	Principal	Signed and approved.

Approved By:

APPROVED
ORIGINAL SIGNED COUVEN
POLICY FOLDER

John Metcalfe Principal

24/10/2022

Date